

Application No.: 10/712,245

Docket No.: JCLA12023

REMARKS**Present Status of the Application**

Claims 1-11 are still pending of which the claim 1 has been amended without prejudice or disclaimer in order to more explicitly describe the claimed invention. Applicant respectfully disagrees the examiner's rejection grounds and accordingly provides the following arguments. It is believed that no new matter is introduced by amendments made to the claims. For at least the foregoing reasons, applicants respectfully submit that claims 1-11 patentably define over prior art of record and reconsideration of this application is respectfully requested.

Discussion for rejection to claims under 35 U. S. C. 102(b)

2. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S. C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US patent no. 5,612, 732

(Yuyama et al, hereinafter referred to Yuyama)

In response thereto, applicants respectfully traverses the preceding rejection based on the following arguments and thus withdrawal of this rejection to the claim 1 is respectfully requested. First of all, to establish a prima facie case of anticipation, the cited reference (i.e. Yuyama) should teach all limitations of the amended claim 1. First of all, although

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the examiner alleged that in col. 7, lines 57-62, in Yuyama, there discloses a mobile phone for capturing a digital image, actually, it discloses a portable videophone receiver or TV receiver (emphases added) with a capability of speech communication; whereas the speech communication is accomplished through a telephone line (from the disclosure of "A telephone jack is provided to enable user transmit image on a telephone via a telephone line" in the abstract and the claims), not a mobile phone device(i.e. wireless) as claimed subject matter in the amended claim 1. In other words, Yuyama discloses non-analogous art as claimed in the amended claim 1. Furthermore, the examiner alleged that in col. 8, lines 15-18, in Yuyama, there discloses a DAC 33 that provides images data to a built-in LCD, whereas, in the present invention, the analogue video output signal converted by a video A/D converter is transmitted to an external display device via a cable, as claimed in the amended claim 1. Accordingly, Yuyama fails to teach, suggest or discloses "A mobile phone device with video output function, comprises a video A/D converter, wherein the analogue video output signal converted by the video A/D converter is transmitted to an external display device via a cable," as claimed in the amended claim 1. Thus, the amended claim 1 is not anticipated by Yuyama and accordingly is patentable.

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Discussion for rejection to claims under 35 U. S. C. 103(a)

4. *Claims 1-3,9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S. C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by Kubo (U.S. Patent No. 6,795,715) in view of Yuyama (US patent no. 5,612, 732).*

In response thereto, applicants respectfully traverses the preceding rejection based on the following arguments. To establish a prima facie case of obviousness, either of the cited references (i.e. Yuyama and Kubo) should suggest the desirability of modifying the references to arrive at the claims. And there are three sources for a motivation to support the desirability of modifying the references: the problems to be solved, the teaching of prior art and the knowledge of a person skilled in the art. Therefore, from the point of the teaching of prior art, as discussed above, Yuyama, discloses a portable videophone receiver or TV receiver (emphases added) with a capability of speech communication, not a mobile phone device (i.e. wireless) as claimed subject matter in the amended claim 1. In other words, Yuyama discloses non-analogous art as claimed in the amended claim 1. Kubo discloses a portable telephone set which is same art as the present invention. Therefore, Yuyama discloses non-analogous art as Kubo, that is, either of Yuyama and Kubo fails to provide the desirability (or motivation) to modify the references to arrive at the amended claim 1. Even if Yuyama and Kubo could be combined, this proposal combination still fails to teach, suggest or disclose "the analogue video output signal converted

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by a video A/D converter is transmitted to an external display device via a cable, as claimed in the amended claim 1. Therefore, the amended claim 1 cannot be rendered obvious by Yuyama and Kubo and thus patentable.

Discussion for rejection to claims under 35 U. S. C. 103(a)

5. Claims 4-8 are rejected under 35 U.S. C. 103(a) as being unpatentable in view of Yuyama (US patent no. 5,612, 732 and further in view of Lee (U.S. Pub. No. 2004/0230789).

In response thereto, applicants respectfully traverses the preceding rejection based on the following arguments. As stated in the preceding section, to establish a prima facie case of obviousness, either of the cited references (i.e. Yuyama and Lee) should suggest the desirability of modifying the references to arrive at the claims. And there are three sources for a motivation to support the desirability of modifying the references: the problems to be solved, the teaching of prior art and the knowledge of a person skilled in the art.

Lee discloses a multi memory card accessing system that has any correlation with Yuyama at all. Thus, either of Yuyama and Kubo fails to provide the desirability (or motivation) to modify the references to arrive at the amended claim 1. That is, the amended claim 1 cannot be rendered obvious by Yuyama and Kubo and thus patentable

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Furthermore, regarding dependent claims 4-8, they should be patentable as a matter of law for the reason that they contain all limitations of their patentable base claim 1.

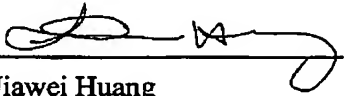
CONCLUSION

For at least the foregoing reasons, it is believed that all the pending claims 1-11 of the present application patently define over the prior art and are in proper condition for allowance. If the Examiner believes that a telephone conference would expedite the examination of the above-identified patent application, the Examiner is invited to call the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,
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